STATE OF NEW MEXICO SUBSTITUTE JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT FOR SHARED JURISDICTION UNDER THE LOBBYIST REGULATION ACT BETWEEN

THE NEW MEXICO STATE ETHICS COMMISSION AND

THE NEW MEXICO SECRETARY OF STATE

THIS AMENDMENT NO. 1 is made and entered into by and between the New Mexico State Ethics Commission and the New Mexico Secretary of State.

WHEREAS, the parties previously entered a joint agreements agreement for shared jurisdiction for the Lobbyist Regulation Act, NMSA 1978, §§ 2-11-1 through -10 (1977, as amended 2021), effective December 20, 2019;

WHEREAS, Section IX thereof provides that the original Agreement shall not be amended except by written instrument executed by the parties; and

WHEREAS, after the enactment of Laws 2021, Chapter 109, the parties now agree that it is in their mutual interest to amend their previously made agreement,

NOW, THEREFORE, THE PARTIES DO AGREE TO AMEND their previous agreement by this Amendment No. 1 as follows:

- 1. Section I and Section II of the original agreement are deleted and are replaced with the language of Section I and Section II as contained within Exhibit 1 attached hereto.
 - 2. All other terms and conditions of the parties' original agreement remain the same.
- 3. This Amendment No. 1 shall not become effective until approved by the Secretary of the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration.

IN WITNESS WEREOF, the parties have executed this JPA which becomes effective as of the date of approval by the Department of Finance and Administration.

By: Dulouse Olin	Date: 8/17/2021
Maggie Toulouse Oliver	
Secretary of State	
By: <u>Jeremy Farris</u> Jeremy D. Fatris	Date: 8/17/2021
Jerenay D. Fabris	
State Ethics Commission, Executive Director	

APPROVED:			
Department of Finance and Administration			
Deborah K Romero	Date:	8/30/2021	
Debbie Romero, Cabinet Secretary	_		

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Exhibit 1

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties agree as follows:

- **I. DEFINITIONS**: The following terms are defined as follows:
 - A. Complainant: a person who files a written complaint alleging a violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act;
 - B. Respondent: a person against whom a complaint alleging a violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act has been filed;
 - C. Internal Compliance Violation: a violation of the Lobbyist Regulation identified by the SOS or SEC based on incomplete, misleading, false or incorrect reports or a failure to file reports or failure to file timely reports;
 - D. External Complaint: a complaint filed by a Complainant and not instituted by either the SOS or the SEC; and
 - E. Voluntary compliance: a respondent's agreement to correct all violations alleged in a complaint or as identified by the SOS or SEC.
- II. PARTIES' SHARED JURISDICTION. The Parties' shared jurisdiction to investigate, adjudicate, and enforce the provisions of the Lobbyist Regulation Act will be administered according to the following provisions:
 - A. <u>External Complaints filed with the SEC</u>: Where an external complaint alleging a Lobbyist Regulation Act violation is filed with the SEC, the following procedures will apply:
 - 1. If the SEC receives any written complaint alleging a violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act, and if the SEC has jurisdiction, the SEC shall refer that part of the complaint alleging the Lobbyist Regulation Act violation to the SOS, and the SEC shall promptly inform the complainant and the respondent that the complaint has been referred.
 - 2. The SOS will review all external complaints and complaints forwarded by the SEC that allege a violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act.

- 3. After the SOS has reviewed the external complaint and if applicable, any response provided by the respondent, the SOS, within 20 days of receiving the external complaint from the SEC, will certify to the SEC whether or not the SOS achieved voluntary compliance.
- 4. If, within 20 days of receiving the external complaint, the SOS certifies to the SEC that the SOS has achieved voluntary compliance, then the SEC will dismiss the claim alleging a violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act.
- 5. If the SOS does not certify to the SEC that the SOS achieved voluntary compliance within 20 days of receiving the complaint—because the Respondent disputes the claim, the Respondent otherwise does not voluntarily comply, or there is not enough information to certify that a violation has occurred—then the complaint automatically reverts to the SEC, and the SEC shall proceed on the complaint pursuant to the State Ethics Commission Act and the SEC's rules of procedure, 1.8.3 NMAC.
- B. <u>External Complaints filed with the SOS</u>: Where an external complaint alleging a Lobbyist Regulation Act violation is filed with the SOS, but not with the SEC, the following procedures will apply:
 - 1. If the SOS receives any written complaint alleging a violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act that is not also received by the SEC, the SOS shall review the complaint and attempt to achieve voluntary compliance.
 - 2. Within 20 days after receiving the complaint, unless an extension is granted for good cause, the SOS shall forward that complaint to the SEC and, if applicable, a certification to the SEC that the SOS achieved voluntary compliance.
 - 3. Upon receiving a complaint filed with the SOS but not the SEC and notice from the SOS that the SOS was unable to achieve voluntary compliance, the SEC may:
 - a. proceed with the complaint pursuant to the terms of the State Ethics Commission Act and the SEC's rules of procedure; or
 - b. pursue a civil enforcement action in state district court pursuant to Section 1-19-34.6 and Section 10-16G-9(F).
- C. <u>Internal Compliance Violations</u>: Under Section 2-11-8.2(B), the SOS may conduct examinations of reports and the SEC may initiate investigations to determine whether the Lobbyist Regulation Act has been violated. Where the SOS identifies a discrepancy or potential violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act, the following procedures shall apply:

- 1. The SOS will notify the reporting person in writing if a potential discrepancy is found in the report that the reporting person filed. The reporting person may file a written explanation for the potential discrepancy and come into voluntary compliance within ten working days of the notice.
- 2. If the discrepancy remains unresolved after 10 working days of the date of the notice, unless there is an extension granted for good cause, the SOS shall record the discrepancy and any records or communications relating to the discrepancy.
- 3. The SOS may transmit all records and communications relating to the discrepancy to the SEC for enforcement pursuant to the provisions of Section 2-11-8.2(F).
- 4. The SEC may consider pursuing a civil action in district court to remedy any violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act or to prevent a violation of any provision of the Lobbyist Regulation Act.
- D. <u>Late Filings and Failures to File</u>: The following provisions relate to the SOS's power to impose and collect fines under Subsections 2-11-8.2(D) and (E):
 - 1. Under Section 2-11-8.2(D), the SOS has the power to impose fines where a person fails to file or files a report after the deadline imposed by the Lobbyist Regulation Act.
 - 2. If the SOS imposes any fine related to a late filing or a failure to file, as provided by Subsection 2-11-8.2(D), and the person refuses to pay that fine, the SOS may refer the matter to the SEC under Subsection 2-11-8.2(E), which may institute an appropriate civil enforcement action in district court pursuant to Subsection 2-11-8.2(F).
- E. <u>Other Alleged Violations</u>: If the SOS receives any other information or allegations concerning a potential violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act, separate from the categories provided above, the following procedures will apply:
 - 1. If the SOS receives any other information or allegation concerning to a potential violation of the Lobbyist Regulation Act, the SOS may refer the matter to the SEC.
 - 2. Upon receiving a referral from the SOS under Section II(E)(1) of this agreement, the SEC may:
 - c. initiate a complaint pursuant to the terms of the State Ethics Commission Act and the SEC's rules of procedure; or

- d. pursue a civil enforcement action in state district court pursuant to Section 2-11-8.2(F) and Section 10-16G-9(F).
- F. <u>Concurrent Jurisdiction</u>: To facilitate concurrent jurisdiction over complaints that are separately or contemporaneously filed with the Parties, the SEC and the SOS will confer at least monthly to review the list of complaints forwarded by the SOS to the SEC and those complaints jointly received by both Parties.